

PART - 2
(Law)

51. The punishment for 'Gang Rape' as provided under Section 376D of Indian Penal Code, 1860 is :
- (a) Rigorous imprisonment which will be not less than 20 years but it may be extended upto life imprisonment.
(b) Death sentence
(c) Life imprisonment only
(d) Rigorous imprisonment which will be not less than 10 years but it may extended upto life imprisonment.
52. In which one of the following cases Section 303 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 was declared unconstitutional ?
- (a) R Vs Govinda (b) D.K. Sharma Vs State of MP
(c) Bhagwan Bax Singh Vs State of UP (d) Mithu Vs State of Punjab
53. 'A' offers bribe to 'B' who is a public servant. 'B' refuses to accept the bribe. 'A' is punishable in IPC under :
- (a) Section 114 (b) Section 116 (c) Section 110 (d) Section 109
54. Provision relating to harbouring deserter has been prescribed under Indian Penal Code in
- (a) Section 131 (b) Section 135 (c) Section 136 (d) Section 137
55. 'A' puts jewels into a box belonging to 'Z', with the intention that they may be found in that box, and that this circumstance may cause 'Z' to be committed of theft. 'A' has committed the offence of
- (a) Fabricated false evidence (b) Theft
(c) Threat to injury to public servant (d) None of these
56. Negligent act likely to spread infection of disease dangerous to life is prescribed in IPC under :
- (a) Section 268 (b) Section 271 (c) Section 270 (d) Section 269
57. 'Life' is defined in Indian Penal Code under :
- (a) Section 44 (b) Section 45 (c) Section 48 (d) Section 50
58. Section 41 of the Indian Penal Code prescribes definition of
- (a) Special Law (b) Local Law (c) Injury (d) Harbour
59. 'A' instigates 'B' to instigate 'C' to murder 'Z'. 'B' accordingly instigates 'C' to murder 'Z' and thereby 'C' commits the offence on such instigation. Who shall be guilty for committing the offence of murder ?
- (a) Only 'C' (b) Only 'B' and 'C'
(c) Only 'A' (d) All 'A', 'B' and 'C'
60. Which one of the following is essential ingredient for the offence of theft under Section of 378 of IPC ?
- (a) Fraudulently (b) Dishonestly (c) Without good faith (d) Maliciously
61. How many types of punishments have been mentioned under Section 53 of Indian Penal Code, 1860 ?
- (a) Six (b) Four (c) Five (d) Seven

Series-D

62. 'A' by pleading as diamonds articles which he knows are not diamonds, intentionally deceives 'Z', and thereby dishonestly induces 'Z' to lend money. What offence has been committed by 'A' under Indian Penal Code ?
- (a) Theft
(b) Cheating
(c) Criminal misappropriation of property
(d) Criminal Breach of Trust
63. Section 489A of the Indian Penal Code is related to
- (a) Making false mark upon any receptacle containing goods
(b) Property mark
(c) Mischief
(d) Counterfeiting currency notes or bank notes
64. 'A' makes an attempt to pick the pocket of 'Z' by thrusting his hands into 'Z's pockets. 'A' fails in the attempt in consequence of 'Z's having nothing in his pocket. 'A' is guilty of
- (a) Attempt to commit theft
(b) Attempt to commit trespass
(c) Theft in dwelling house
(d) None of these
65. Representative suit is dealt in CPC under :
- (a) Order 1 Rule 6
(b) Order 1 Rule 7
(c) Order 1 Rule 8
(d) Order 1 Rule 9
66. Rule of Set-off under CPC is dealt with under
- (a) Order 7 Rule 6
(b) Order 8 Rule 6
(c) Order 7 Rule 7
(d) Order 8 Rule 7
67. Pleading means
- (i) Plaint
(ii) Written statement
(iii) Documentary evidence
(iv) Statement of witness
- Choose the correct option :
- (a) (i) and (ii)
(b) (i), (ii) and (iii)
(c) (i), (iii) and (iv)
(d) None of the above
68. Defendant may apply for setting aside ex-parte decree under the Civil Procedure Code :
- (a) Order 7 Rule 13
(b) Order 9 Rule 13
(c) Order 8 Rule 13
(d) Order 11 Rule 13
69. Res Judicata bars :
- (a) Filing of Appeal
(b) Continuation of Suit
(c) Execution Proceedings
(d) Institution of Suit
70. Which of the following Section of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908 defines "Judge" ?
- (a) Section 2(8) (b) Section 2(4) (c) Section 2(6) (d) Section 2(12)
71. What is a cheque upon a banker under the Indian Penal Code ?
- (a) Document (b) Counterfeit (c) Valuable security (d) None of these
72. Section 22 of the Indian Penal Code prescribes
- (a) Wrongful gain (b) Wrongful loss (c) Dishonesty (d) Movable property
73. 'Court of Justice' is defined in Indian Penal Code under :
- (a) Section 19 (b) Section 21 (c) Section 20 (d) Section 22

74. In Civil Procedure Code the appointment of 'Receiver' has been dealt with
 (a) Under Order XLIV (b) Under Order XL
 (c) Under Order XLII (d) Under Order XLV
75. The provision for substituted service of summons on defendant(s) has been made under :
 (a) Order V Rule 20 of CPC (b) Order V Rule 19A of CPC
 (c) Order V Rule 19 of CPC (d) Order V Rule 21 of CPC
76. Which one of the following is based upon doctrine of equity ?
 (a) Res Judicata (b) Res Subjudice
 (c) Suit for Civil Nature (d) Estoppel
77. Principle of Res-Judicata is :
 (a) Mandatory (b) Directory (c) Discretionary (d) Optional
78. By whom a decree can be executed ?
 (a) By Collector
 (b) By District Judge
 (c) The Court passed decree or by court to whom it has been transferred
 (d) By Tehsildar
79. A decree may be
 (a) Preliminary
 (b) Final
 (c) Partly preliminary and partly final
 (d) All of the above
80. A suit regarding immovable property may be instituted in a court in whose jurisdiction :
 (a) Defendant resides (b) Property is situated
 (c) Defendant carries business (d) All of these
81. Production of Shop-book is prescribed in Civil Procedure Code under :
 (a) Order VII Rule 17 (b) Order VII Rule 11
 (c) Order VII Rule 10 (d) Order VII Rule 12
82. Order VIII Rule 1 of the Civil Procedure Code is related to
 (a) Denial to be specific (b) Written statement
 (c) Evasive denial (d) New ground of defence
83. Which of the following under Civil Procedure Code is the duty of Appellate Court ?
 (a) Duty to appreciate evidence (b) Duty to decide appeal finally
 (c) Duty to re-appreciate evidence (d) All of these
84. Under Civil Procedure Code the Court may issue a Commission :
 (a) To examine any person (b) To make local investigation
 (c) To make a partition (d) All of these
85. Meaning of Garnishee under Civil Procedure Code :
 (a) Creditor's debtor (b) Debtor's debtor
 (c) Judgement debtor's debtor (d) None of the above

95. Section 63 of the Transfer of Property Act is related to
 (a) Right to inspection and production of documents
 (b) Redemption of portion of mortgaged property
 (c) Accession to mortgaged property
 (d) Right of mortgagor to redeem
96. Which Section of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 talks about restitution of conjugal rights ?
 (a) Section 8 (b) Section 10 (c) Section 11 (d) Section 9
97. Who amongst the following is not 'Hindu' within the meaning of Section 2 of 'Hindu Marriage Act, 1955' ?
 (a) Buddhist (b) Parsi (c) Jain (d) Sikh
98. Under Section 13 of the Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act 1956, what is the paramount consideration in the appointment or declaring a guardian of a 'Hindu' Minor ?
 (a) Property of minor (b) Property of guardian
 (c) Welfare of minor (d) Education of minor
99. The author of 'Dayabhaga' was
 (a) Jimutavahana (b) Vijnaneshwara
 (c) Vashishtha (d) Narada
100. 'Mitakshara' is a commentary on
 (a) Manusmriti (b) Parashara Smriti
 (c) Narad Smriti (d) Yajnavalkya Smriti
101. Pregnancy of a girl at the time of her marriage under the 'Hindu Marriage Act, 1955' :
 (a) will not effect the marriage
 (b) will be a ground for making the marriage as voidable
 (c) will be a ground for making the marriage as void
 (d) will make the marriage ipso facto invalid
102. What property may not be transferred under Section 6 of the Transfer of Property Act ?
 (a) Stipends allowed to military
 (b) A right to future maintenance
 (c) The chance of an heir-apparent succeeding to an estate.
 (d) All of these
103. Transfer of property for the benefit of an unborn person made directly is
 (a) Valid (b) Void
 (c) Voidable (d) A good and a foresighted move
104. Which is not an actionable claim ?
 (a) Mesne profits
 (b) Right to claim insured amount from LIC
 (c) Sum of arrear payable in future
 (d) Right to take share or accounts of a dissolved firm

105. Which Section of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 provides for registration of Hindu Marriages ?
 (a) Section 7 (b) Section 8 (c) Section 10 (d) Section 11
106. Under which Section of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955, customary divorce is saved ?
 (a) Section 13-B (b) Section 16 (c) Section 30 (d) Section 29(2)
107. Under the Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956, a child to be adopted should not have, in the absence of a valid custom, completed the age of
 (a) 8 years (b) 10 years (c) 15 years (d) 12 years
108. Who is the natural guardian of a Hindu minor married girl under Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act 1956 ?
 (a) Husband (b) Mother (c) Mother-in-law (d) Father
109. As per Hindu law, who among the following is not entitled for maintenance ?
 (a) Divorced wife (b) Judicial separated wife
 (c) A wife who has ceased to be Hindu (d) All of these
110. In the context of Hindu Succession Act, 1956, in which of the following case Supreme Court of India held that 'daughters are of a life time' and not just after 2005 ?
 (a) Satya V Sushila (b) Vineeta Sharma V Rakesh Sharma
 (c) Sulochana V Ram Kumar (d) Pushpu V Archana
111. Status of Legitimacy in Hindu Law is recognized for
 (a) Children of valid marriage (b) Children of voidable marriage
 (c) Children of void marriage (d) All of these
112. Under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955, the marriage of a minor is
 (a) Valid (b) Void (c) Voidable (d) None of these
113. Which of the following grounds is available to a wife only to seek divorce under Section 13(2) of the 'Hindu Marriage Act, 1955' ?
 (a) Apostacy
 (b) Desertion
 (c) Leprosy
 (d) Committing of offence of unnatural intercourse by husband
114. Under Hindu Succession Act, 1956, if a Hindu male dies leaving behind more than one widow :
 (a) All the widows together will get one share equal to that of other class I heirs.
 (b) Each widow will get one share equal to that of other class I heirs.
 (c) None of the widow will get any share.
 (d) All the widows will be entitled only to maintenance.

115. Russel V Russel is related to which of the following matter in 'Hindu Law' ?
 (a) Desertion (b) Cruelty (c) Adultery (d) Leprosy
116. Which one of the following Section of The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 provides that proceedings shall be conducted in camera ?
 (a) Section 22 (b) Section 21 (c) Section 21 C (d) Section 21 B
117. The Sunni Law does not recognise
 (a) Sahi (Valid) Marriage (b) Muta (Temporary) Marriage
 (c) Fasid (Irregular) Marriage (d) Batil (Void) Marriage
118. A Muslim male already having four wives, has contracted a fifth marriage. This fifth marriage is
 (a) Valid (b) Voidable (c) Void (d) Irregular
119. According to Section 4 of the Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939, apostasy from Islam of a Muslim wife :
 (a) will dissolve her marriage ipso facto
 (b) will not dissolve her marriage ipso facto
 (c) dissolves her marriage and she loses her claim on Mehar
 (d) dissolves her marriage, but she does not lose her claim of Mehar
120. Which one of the following is not essential for a Valid Hiba (gift) under the Muslim Law ?
 (a) Declaration of gift
 (b) Acceptance of gift
 (c) Delivery of possession of the property by the donor to the donee
 (d) Written documentary proof of the gift
121. A Muslim female can perform a valid marriage with non-Muslim under
 (a) Special Marriage Act, 1954 (b) Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
 (c) Muslim Law (d) Christian Marriage Act, 1872
122. Who is disentitled to dispose of property of a Hindu minor under Sec. 11 of The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956 ?
 (a) De facto Guardian (b) De-Jure Guardian
 (c) Father (d) Guardian appointed by Court
123. Under Sec. 21 of the Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act 1956, word 'dependent' means :
 (a) Father only
 (b) Mother only
 (c) Widow, so long as she does not remarry
 (d) All of these
124. The Dattaka Mimansa and Dattaka Chandrika are related to
 (a) Joint family & Coparcenary (b) Succession
 (c) Adoption (d) Guardianship

125. Which one of the following is not the valid object of Waqf under Muslim Law ?
 (a) Celebrating the birth of Ali Murtaza
 (b) Grant to an Idgah
 (c) Payment of money to Fakirs
 (d) A waqf in favour of utter strangers
126. The maximum shares of mother and widow under Sunni Law of inheritance may be
 (a) $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ (b) $\frac{1}{6}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ (d) $\frac{1}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$
127. Who is natural guardian of the property of a minor under Muslim Law ?
 (a) Brother (b) Mother (c) Father (d) Uncle
128. A marriage with a Muslim woman undergoing iddat is
 (a) Void (b) Irregular (c) Valid (d) None of these
129. Under Muslim Law when wife and husband seek divorce on mutual consent. It is called
 (a) Mubarat (b) Talaq-e-Tafavid (c) Ila (d) All of these
130. Which one of the following Section of the Indian Evidence Act deals with presumption as to powers of attorney ?
 (a) Section 91 (b) Section 88 (c) Section 85 (d) Section 70
131. How many Sections and Chapters are there in the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 ?
 (a) 160 Sections and 10 Chapters (b) 180 Sections and 14 Chapters
 (c) 172 Sections and 16 Chapters (d) 167 Sections and 11 Chapters
132. Which one of the following is not defined under Section 3 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 ?
 (a) Court (b) Confession (c) Evidence (d) Document
133. Under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, facts forming part of the same transaction are known as :
 (a) Plea of alibi (b) Admission (c) Res Gestae (d) Dying declaration
134. Which one of the following Sections of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 provides for 'refreshing memory' ?
 (a) Section 159 (b) Section 158 (c) Section 155 (d) Section 160
135. Which of the following is not a form of divorce under Muslim Law ?
 (a) Hasan Talak (b) Talak-ul-bidda (c) Idda (d) Khula
136. In which school of Muslim, Muta marriage is recognized ?
 (a) Ithana Asharia School (b) Hanafi School
 (c) Zayd School (d) Ismaili School
137. Where there are one or more daughters, son's daughters and there is no son or son's
 The share of father in inheritance under Muslim Law would be
 (a) $\frac{1}{6}$ only (b) $\frac{1}{6}$ + Residue
 (c) Residue (d) Excluded from any right

138. Which of the following is not considered as an evidence under Indian Evidence Act, 1872 ?
 (a) Oral Evidence (b) Hearsay Evidence
 (c) Primary Evidence (d) Expert Evidence
139. The case of Palvinder Kaur V State of Punjab relates to which of the following ?
 (a) Confession (b) Dying declaration
 (c) Relevancy of Judgement (d) Entries in the books of account
140. Which of the following Sections of the Indian Evidence Act deals with the 'plea of alibi' ?
 (a) Section 10 (b) Section 12 (c) Section 13 (d) Section 11
141. Which one of the following is not correctly matched ?
 (a) Hostile Witness – Sec 154
 (b) Impeaching Credit of Witness – Sec 155
 (c) Professional Communication – Sec 124
 (d) Refreshing Memory – Sec 159
142. The Indian Evidence Act applies to
 (a) Affidavits (b) Judicial proceedings
 (c) Arbitration proceedings (d) All of these
143. A witness who is unable to speak gives his evidence in writing in open court. Such type of evidence is known as
 (a) Oral evidence (b) No evidence
 (c) Secondary evidence (d) Primary evidence
144. In which case Section 27 of Indian Evidence Act was held by the Court to be Constitutionally valid ?
 (a) Nathu V State of UP (b) Ram Bharose V State of UP
 (c) Devman Upadhayaya V State of UP (d) Pakkala Narayan Swami V Emperor
145. Presumption as to absence of consent in certain prosecution for rape is provided under the Indian Evidence Act 1872 in
 (a) Section 113A (b) Section 113B (c) Section 114 (d) Section 114A
146. Generally when 'leading questions' may be asked ?
 (a) In any examination (b) In cross-examination
 (c) In examination-in-chief (d) In re-examination
147. Which Section of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 protects from disclosing communication during marriage ?
 (a) Section 125 (b) Section 123 (c) Section 124 (d) Section 122
148. 'A' is charged with travelling on a railway without ticket. The burden of proof that a ticket will lie on
 (a) Prosecution (b) Railway administration
 (c) 'A' himself (d) Ticket examiner

149. A, a client says to B, an attorney – “I have committed forgery and I wish you to defend me.” Whether this is protected under the professional communication ?
- (a) It is not protected (b) This communication is a confession
(c) Proof of facts (d) Protected from disclosure
150. Which one of the following Section of the Indian Evidence Act provides about the production of documents or electronic records which another person, having possession, could refuse to produce ?
- (a) Section 130 (b) Section 131 (c) Section 129 (d) Section 132
151. How many witnesses are required for the proof of any fact ?
- (a) No particular number of witnesses required.
(b) Two witnesses are required.
(c) Only one witness is required.
(d) None of these
152. Judge’s power to put questions or order production is provided under the Indian Evidence Act 1872 in
- (a) Section 162 (b) Section 163 (c) Section 161 (d) Section 165
153. Classification of offences are given in Criminal Procedure Code under :
- (a) Section 406 (b) Second Schedule (c) First Schedule (d) Section 482
154. Under Section 167 of the CrPC the Magistrate can authorize detention for a total period of 90 days during investigation in case of offences punishable;
- (a) with death
(b) with imprisonment for life
(c) with imprisonment for a term not less than 10 years
(d) All of these
155. Section 118 of The Indian Evidence Act, 1872 is related to
- (a) Judges and Magistrates (b) Who may testify
(c) Accomplice (d) Number of witnesses
156. Ranatish Saha Vs Smt. Soma Saha and another, AIR 2016 (NOC) 268 Cal, case is related to
- (a) DNA Test
(b) Presumption as to dowry death
(c) Burden of proving fact especially within knowledge
(d) Estoppel
157. A is accused before the Court of Session of attempting to murder a Police Officer. At his trial before B, a Session Judge. In this case, whether B may be examined ?
- (a) B can not be examined
(b) B is protected by Sec 124 of Indian Evidence Act, 1872
(c) B may be examined as to what occurred
(d) None of the above

158. Which one of the following irregularities does not vitiate proceeding under Section 460 of the CrPC ?
- Demand Security to keep peace
 - To make an order for maintenance
 - To issue a search warrant under Sec 94 CrPC
 - Discharge a person lawfully bound to be of good behaviour
159. A case can be committed to the Court of Session by a Magistrate under CrPC :
- Section 290 and 323
 - Section 209 and 323
 - Section 208 and 323
 - Section 209 and 325
160. What is the meaning of Police Diary under CrPC ?
- Proceeding in investigation under Sec 172
 - Information recorded under Sec 168
 - Proceeding recorded under Sec 154
 - Statement recorded under Sec 161
161. Chapter XXI A related to Plea Bargaining under CrPC was inserted in which year ?
- 2000
 - 2002
 - 2009
 - 2006
162. According to Section 357A of the CrPC, where the offender is not traced or identified, the victim or his dependent applied for the award of compensation, within what period, the state or district legal services authorities are required to complete enquiry in this regard ?
- One Month
 - Three Months
 - Two Months
 - Four Months
163. Which one of the following Section of the CrPC has created a duty on part of the public generally to give information to the police regarding certain offences ?
- Section 37
 - Section 39
 - Section 38
 - Section 40
164. Under Sec 58 of CrPC, to whom officer incharge of the police station shall report the cases of all persons arrested without warrant ?
- District Magistrate
 - Session Judge
 - Public Prosecutor
 - Superintendent of Police
165. Which one of the following Sections of the CrPC relate to the summary procedure for trial for giving false evidence ?
- Section 342
 - Section 345
 - Section 344
 - Section 343
166. The term 'victim' is defined in Criminal Procedure Code under :
- Section 2(w)
 - Section 2(wa)
 - Section 2(v)
 - None of these
167. Under which Section of CrPC 1973, there is a provision regarding recording of magistrate respecting demeanour of witness ?
- Section 280
 - Section 288
 - Section 278
 - Section 282
168. Under Section 482 of CrPC inherent power may be exercised by :
- Supreme Court only
 - High Court only
 - Session Court only
 - Any Criminal Court

169. What is the maximum period for security for keeping the peace can be asked for, under Section 107 of CrPC ?
 (a) Three years (b) Two years (c) One year (d) Seven years
170. Which one of the following Section of CrPC deals with the summary dismissal of Appeal ?
 (a) Section 320 (b) Section 390 (c) Section 381 (d) Section 384
171. Which one of the following Section of the CrPC deals with the powers of the Appellate Court ?
 (a) Section 290 (b) Section 386 (c) Section 300 (d) Section 395
172. Under CrPC, which of the following courts are shown as criminal court ?
 (a) The High Court (b) Court of Session
 (c) Judicial Magistrate First Class (d) All of these
173. Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 does not have provision regarding
 (a) Review (b) Revision (c) Reference (d) Appeal
174. Section 407 of the CrPC, 1973 deals with
 (a) Power of Supreme Court to transfer cases and appeal
 (b) Power of Session Court to transfer cases and appeal
 (c) Power of High Court to transfer cases and appeal
 (d) All of these
175. Reports of certain government scientific experts is prescribed in CrPC under
 (a) Section 292 (b) Section 293 (c) Section 291 (d) Section 294
176. Offence of same kind committed, by a person accused of more than one offences within the space of twelve months, whether in respect of the same person or not, may be charged with and tried at one trial under CrPC, for how many offences ?
 (a) Two (b) Five (c) Four (d) Three
177. 'A' has knocked down two teeth of 'B'. 'A' has committed the offence of
 (a) Grievous hurt (b) Hurt
 (c) Culpable homicide (d) Attempt to hurt
178. According to Section 144 of CrPC, what is the maximum period for which state government has power to further extend the order made by the Magistrate ?
 (a) Not exceeding 3 months (b) Not exceeding 4 months
 (c) Not exceeding 1 year (d) Not exceeding 6 months
179. Which one of the following Section of CrPC provides the release of person of unsound mind on bail pending investigation or trial ?
 (a) Section 328 (b) Section 330 (c) Section 329 (d) Section 331
180. Which of the following Section of the CrPC deals with, how appeal to Court of Session is heard ?
 (a) Section 381 (b) Section 380 (c) Section 300 (d) Section 307

181. Under Indian Penal Code, 1860, when the right of private defence of the body extends to causing death
 (a) Apprehension of death (b) Kidnapping
 (c) Acid attack (d) All of these
182. 'A' joins an insurrection against the Government of India. 'A' has committed the offence of :
 (a) Criminal Conspiracy
 (b) Sedition
 (c) Waging of war against the Government of India
 (d) Criminal Breach of Trust
183. Which one of the following Sections of the Indian Penal Code, is based on the principles of 'dole incapax' ?
 (a) Section 82 (b) Section 81 (c) Section 84 (d) Section 87
184. Disclosure of identity of victim of rape is punishable in Indian Penal Code under Section :
 (a) Section 228 (b) Section 228A (c) Section 229 (d) Section 229A
185. Which of the following is not a correct match ? 
- | Offence | - | Section of IPC |
|---------------|---|----------------|
| (a) Extortion | - | Section 383 |
| (b) Dacoity | - | Section 391 |
| (c) Robbery | - | Section 389 |
| (d) Theft | - | Section 378 |
186. A hangman who hangs the prisoner in pursuant to the order of the Court is exempted from criminal liability by virtue of which Section of IPC ?
 (a) Section 77 (b) Section 76 (c) Section 79 (d) Section 78
187. 'A' incites a dog to spring upon 'Z' without 'Z's consent with the intention to annoy 'Z', Here 'A' has committed the offence of
 (a) Criminal force (b) Grievous hurt
 (c) Criminal assault (d) Defamation
188. 'A' instigates 'B' to murder 'C' who refuses to do so, 'A' is guilty of
 (a) No offence (b) Criminal Conspiracy
 (c) Abetment to commit murder (d) Criminal Instigation
189. Definition of Criminal Conspiracy is given in the IPC, under
 (a) Chapter VA (b) Chapter VI (c) Chapter VII (d) Chapter X
190. When the right of private defence of property does not extends to causing death ?
 (a) House-breaking by night
 (b) Mischief or house trespass
 (c) Robbery
 (d) Theft as reasonably caused apprehension of death if right of private defence not exercised.

191. The offence of theft is punishable in IPC under :
 (a) Section 378 (b) Section 379 (c) Section 380 (d) Section 381
192. Under Indian Penal Code stalking as an offence has been added by
 (a) Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013
 (b) Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2005
 (c) Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2015
 (d) Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 1955
193. Which of the following doesn't fall under grievous hurt ?
 (a) Fracture of bone
 (b) Emasculation
 (c) Temporary privation of the sight of either eye
 (d) Hurt which causes severe bodily pain to the sufferer for atleast 20 days.
194. Abetment of suicide has been defined under which Section of IPC ?
 (a) Section 309 (b) Section 306 (c) Section 305 (d) Section 308
195. Punishment for Dowry death under Section 304-B of Indian Penal Code, 1860 is
 (a) Life imprisonment
 (b) Imprisonment upto seven years only
 (c) Imprisonment upto ten years
 (d) Not less than seven years but which may extend to imprisonment for life.
196. Match the following :

| | |
|------------------------------|--------|
| A. Rioting | 1. 511 |
| B. Affray | 2. 146 |
| C. Abetment | 3. 107 |
| D. Attempt to commit offence | 4. 159 |

 (a) A-4; B-2; C-1; D-3
 (b) A-4; B-3; C-2; D-1
 (c) A-2; B-4; C-3; D-1
 (d) A-2; B-4; C-1; D-3
197. Criminal Conspiracy is defined in Indian Penal Code, 1860 under
 (a) Section 120A (b) Section 107 (c) Section 120 (d) Section 120B
198. 'A' causes 'Z' to go within a walled space and locks 'Z' in. 'A' shall be guilty of
 (a) Assault
 (b) Wrongful confinement
 (c) Wrongful restraint
 (d) None of these
199. 'A' a Zamindar tortures a raiyat in order to compel him to pay his rent, 'A' is guilty of an offence in IPC under :
 (a) Section 329 (b) Section 333 (c) Section 330 (d) Section 331
200. 'A' denied food to his wife 'B' for several days by keeping her confined in a room with intention to accelerate her death, 'B' any how managed to escape. What offence 'A' has committed ?
 (a) Wrongful confinement
 (b) Mental torture
 (c) Causing grievous hurt
 (d) Attempt to murder

